The Church Historically Traced

By Burton W. Barber

history, yet simple and free from confusing details, so that the "common man" is greatly In designing this chart, a consistent system has been sought. We believe it to be comprehensive for the close student of church

The material contained in this chart is almost as valuable in a study of the book of Revelation as it is in a study of church hisboth in Church History and in Daniel and of church history expressed in symbolic vi-sions. The writer uses it for class instruction tory, because Revelation contains the events

there has been no lapse of time during the extent of the dotted lines, (3) The arrows leading from the major religious bodies to the "Restoration Movement" indicate a movement of people. (4) The dotted and circular line at the end of each religious group shows that said group still exists. tion" to each major denomination has allowed the writer to avoid confusion or complication of design and at the same time indicate that there has been no lapse of time during the numbered, thus enabling the student to know the general date of any given event. (2) The tures: (1) Each century is clearly marked and Attention is called to several helpful fea of dotted lines leading from the "Reforma-

that calendars have been changed frequently in past centuries; also, that the sources of church history are often indefinite as to the actual time of occurrence of some events. The difficulty lies in locating the best date vations have crept in gradually and developed slowly, it is sometimes rather hard to know when one was considered "official". to which the events may be assigned, not in determining whether or not they really occurred. Because false doctrines and innovarious leading historians, the writer has sought to furnish the student with the most authoritative. This conflict of dates is accounted for when the student keeps in mind Because of conflicting dates given by the

According to the book of Revelation, this chart sets forth two Women and two Cities. "The Bride of Christ" ("Church In The Wilderness") is set forth in contrast to the "Mother of Harlots" (Rev. 17.5). Likewise, "The City of God" (the church) is placed in contrast to the city, "Mystery, Babylon the Great." The Bride of Christ and the City of God are the same, being composed of all the saints of all ages. The Mother of Harlots and Babylon the Great are identical, being composed of the Roman Catholic Church, the Greek Catholic Church, the various Protestant denominations plus the "Latter Day Apostasies". Yes, two women and two cities—the pure and the corrupt—each representing the religion the corrupt—each representing the religion of Christ in contrast to the many counterfeits, substitutions, and fakes of the devil, that old dragon.

THE CHURCH FROM WHICH HERETICS DEPARTED

If you do not have the chart "WHAT THE BIBLE TEACHES ABOUT THE CHURCH", compiled by Brother Donald G. Hunt and published by THE VOICE OF EVANGELISM, which may be ordered from Box 431, Ottumwa, lowa, you should plan to get one. That

chart sets forth the church as it was established and as it functioned in Apostolic days. This chart (THE CHURCH—HISTORICALLY TRACED) follows the church from the close of Apostolic days through the vicissitudes of and brings it to the present.

the upper left-hand corner of the chart. These attacks upon the church served to keep it an emperors. These persecution periods are indicated by the twelve crosses located in major persecutions, inflicted The church was made to undergo ten ajor persecutions, inflicted by twelve Romfrom hypocrites and pretenders.

Following these, a time of prosperity was ushered in through the influence of Constantine, sometimes called the first "Christian" emperor. Approximately 200 years after Constantine, corruption of morals and apostasy from the faith led the church to persecute and excommunicate all who refused to embrace its false doctrines and human ecclesiasticism. For its very existence, it was forced to flee into the "wilderness" of obscurity (Rev. 12:6).

emerged. Darkness of superstition was dispelled when the light of God's Word was allowed, through the work of the Reformation, to penetrate into the hearts of honest people. Many were led out of the city of "Babylon" when they heard God call (Rev. 18:4). of obscurity and At the close of approximately 1,260 years suppression, s of superstitic the church

The beginning of this wilderness experience for the church evidently began about 533 when Emperor Justinian issued a decretal letter giving authority and power to the pope to suppress all heresy. It is just as evident that the church commenced to come out of the wilderness when James O'Kelly (1793) began to preach the elements and principles of the Bible church that led people out of the corrupt city Babylon.

APOSTASY FROM THE CHURCH

The ecclesiastical system of Romanism developed gradually. No one man sat down and planned the apostate developments. Rather, one thing led to another, To grow disciplined imaginations became the mother this monster, unbridled ambitions To grow and un-

By the Third and Fourth centuries, ecclesiasticism was pretty well shaped up, Preachers were called priests. The clergy of a city, territory, or diocese was ruled over by a bishop. By 325. Metropolitans (later known as arch-bishops) were elected. At that time also, century, Alexandria, Jerusalem, Ephesus, and Constantinople had Patriarchs, but Rome had a Monarchial bishop (later called a Pope). the bishops of Rome, Alexandria, and Antioch were called sures Manager Manag och were called super Metropolitans or Patri-archs (later called Cardinals). By the Fitth

The rapidity with which apostasy introduced false doctrines even surpassed the development of ecclesiasticism. The Gnostics were the "Knowing Ones". They favored the Sadducees and, like them, corrupted the rewere legalists. They introduced many Jewish elements into Christianity. The Monarchians ligion of God with pagan philosophies. The Ebionites, like the Pharisees of Jesus' day

the Godhead. Manichaeianism was a little Christianity, stripped of all reference to the Jewish religion, and filled with Persian pagan philosophy. The Montanists, Novationists, and Donatists were reactionary parties against the rest. The Montanists held to visions, dreams, the prophetic office, and exciting religious services. With the Ebionites, they also held to the Premillenial view of a thousand years earthly reign of Christ. The Novationists and Donatists held but one common thing with the Montanists, that of purging the church of worldliness, compromise, and human additions; for this, they were persecuted.

sy, premillennialism, infant baptism, etc., many human doctrines were introduced, of which we have given a partial list of the most prominent ones (lower left-hand corner of the chart). Also, we have given the accepted dates of their "official" introduction or Beginning with the theory of "Holy Ghost prophets, visions, seasons of ecsta-

recognizes twelve more Councils that were held throughout the years, of which the Council of Trent is the most significant, because it was at this council that most of the ing the period entitled "Formation of Catholic Doctrine". The seven circles within that period indicate the seven General Councils recognized by both the Roman and the Greek Catholic Churches. The doctrines formed at this period are for the most part accepted by both Catholic bodies (The Roman or West-ern and Greek or Eastern). The Romish church doctrines now practiced by the Roman Catho-lic Church were formulated into crystalized dogmas and made "official" and binding. Most of these doctrines were introduced dur

religious) power kept pace with the growth of the ecclesiastical element and the introduction of heretical teaching. As early as the middle of the Third century, Cyprian advocated Papal primacy, which means Roman control of religion by political policies. By the Fourth century, the clergy of Constantinople, Alexandria, Jerusalem, Antioch, and authority over other Patriarchs. In 533, Emperor Justinian declared John II to be "Lord of the Church". In 600, Gregory I (first real pope, though not so called) organized his papal army and fought wars on behalf of the church. In 607, Emperor Phocas made Pope Boniface III "Head of all the churches". Rome sought control of the remaining churches. In the fifth century, Augustine dreamed up the Papacy, which was developed during the later centuries; his "brain-storm" was published in a set of books called "City of God". In the middle of the Fifth century, Leo claimed The development of the Papal (political

These continued in the power of Popedom until taken away in 1870 by Victor Emmanuel and Garibaldi, and returned to Italy. Papal States were organized when (in 756) and Charlemagne (in 774) contributions of land to the Popes, continued in the power of Popedom

ity by the Bible, forged two documents. By these, they attempted to prove that Roman The Papacy, unable to prove Papal author

> used these forgeries to enhance the Papacy. Hildebrand and Humbert, two Cardinals, also used Popes Leo IX, Nicholas II, and Alexander II as tools to develop the Papacy along the lines advocated in these documents. This led to the organization of the College of Cardinals, the purpose of which was to select the popes. Prior to this, popes had been placed in power by empercers. advantage in gaining for the Papacy great political power and prestige. The Cluniac Reform, launched from the Cluny monastary. in power by emperors. Nicholas I (858-867) first used these to great

1215).

styled because the popes for seventy years ruled from Avignon, France. This in turn led to three different men claiming to be popes, two in Home and one in France. This is called the "Papal Schism". This embarrassing situation was remedied only when the Council of Constance was called to depose the three contending popes and to install Martin V. By this time, the Papacy was so weakened that it could scarcely resist the oncoming Re-Boniface VIII undertook to maneuver political measures that he could not handle. As a result, he was dethroned and sent into exile by the king of France (Phillip the Fair).
This led to the "Babylonian Captivity", so

against the Albigenses by the Papacy anni-hilated them. Great persecution waged against the Waldenses rendered them almost extinct. broke from it because of both doctrinal and practical differences. A crusade launched Church objecting to its policies and practices. The Albigenses broke from it because of dotrinal differences. Later, the Waldenses At the beginning of the Tenth century there was an element in the Roman Catholic

theses on the Wittenberg, Germany Catholic Church door, all Germany, and later all the religious world, was set aflame either for or against Catholicism. Great efforts at reform were undertaken by such men as Luther and Molancthon in Germany, Zwingli and John Calvin in Switzerland, John Knox in Scotland, In the fourteenth century, John Wycliff translated the Bible into the common tongue and instituted an era of learning. This "Morning Star of the Reformation" was followed by John Huss and Savonarola who taught the Bible and freely exposed much Catholic doctrine. Though martyred, their work resulted in a great discontentment against Catholicism. When, in 1517, Luther tacked his ninety-five Thomas Cranmer, Cromwell, and others

of Germany resulted. In England, the Church of England came into being which in turn produced the Episcopal Church of America. The Congregational Church, called "Dissenters" and "Independents", broke from the Church of England as a result of the Puritan Movement, Due to a bogging-down of the Movement. Due to a bogging-down of the religious life in the Church of England, the Wesley brothers produced the Methodist Church. Because of a formalizing of that demovement started by Finney, Moody,

Innocent III, using all of these advantages, developed the Papacy to its height (1198.

The decline of the Papacy came when

From this Reformation, the Lutheran church

which means "re-baptizers").

organized the Jesuits, who soon gained control of educational centers, proselyted new members in other lands, instituted the terrible inquisition called the "Reign of Terror", and laid far-reaching plans in behalf of the Apostate Rome. (5) Between the Congregational and Presbyterian churches and below the United Brethren, you will notice five groups, all somewhat disconnected from other groups. facts: (1) There have been four successive divisions and healings of breaches between the Roman and Greek Catholics. The fifth division occurred in 1054 and has never been healed—nor is it likely that it will ever be. The main cause of it was over religious authority. (2) The Roman Catholic Church right hand corner of the chart. (3) The crusades, ten in all, but seven Holy Land crusades, were mainly sponsored by and in the interest of the Catholic Church of Rome. They were designed for their own exploiting. (4) Against the Reformation, the Catholics war-And false, because there are exactly eleven other Catholic groups not including the Greek Catholics. The largest is called the "Old Catholics" and will be located at the lower right hand corner of the chart. (3) The crusades, ten in all, but seven Holy Land crusades, were mainly sponsored by and in the the Council of Trent in order to affect a reformation in their own ranks and to systematize their doctrines in order to know what they did believe and to systematize their doctrines in order to know what boasts that it is not divided like the rest of the religious bodies. That is both true and false. True, because when people differ from it, they are excommunicated ("boot them out"). There are many differences between the Russelites and the Jehovah's Witnesses, so they did believe and teach. Ignatius Loyola Before leaving this period of church history, let us call attention of several additional we have listed them separately. other groups, between the

RETURN FROM APOSTASY TO THE APOSTOLIC CHURCH

Rather, people who have departed from the church need to return to it. This return "movement" resulted in many people being led out of "Mystery, Babylon the Great." It resulted in the formation of Tany congregations paterns church needs no restoring—it is perfect. When it gets into a condition that needs restoring. terned after the New Testament order. ment" is in reality a misnomer, no longer continues to be the church. What history calls the "Restoration Move

However, not all was good, for soon much of the "movement" stopped moving and soon STAGNATED. This stagnation produced three "Latter Day Apostasies".

(1) The largest portion of the stagnation formed into what is known as the "Christian Church". It is noted for its prayerlessness, preachlessness, pink-leas, and powder-put preachers. (NOTE: No one should ever be preachers. preachers. (NOTE: No one should ever be guilly of trying to place the name "Church of Christ" on such congregations until they rue churches of Christ in actuality.) id become

difference is that one group is ized Society and the other is years, but now they are very clear. The main (2) In conjunction with the Christian Church for the organ-against. Three denomination.
c a number of

the part of the Presbyterians and the Con-gregationalists led to the formation of the United Brethren—the union failed. The Baptist bodies resulted from the Anabaptists (a word

were develope 1839-1850. (b)

developed in the

eleven year period development of the All State Societies

things stand out in the latter denomination. (a)

petuated as the spawning ground for all their

(b) The first National Convention in 1849 and has been since per-

but out of which he came when he learned the truth as it is in Christ. For more detailed information about this denomination, the reader should purchase a copy of "ONE HOPE" by Mrs. C. E. Stark and sold by THE VOICE OF EVANGELISM, Box 431, Ottumwa, Women's Board of Missions (1874), Foreign Christian Missionary Society (1875), National Benevolent Association (1886), Board of Church Extension (1888), and Board of Ministerial Helief (1895), (d) All of these were dissolved in 1919 and reorganized into the United Christian Missionary Society. The denomination's headquarters are in Indianapolis, Indiana, at the present, with the official publishing house being located at St. Louis, Missouri, called Christian Board of Publication. This is the deanti-scriptural practices, (c) The six organiza-tions from that date until 1919 were: American Christian Missionary Society (1849), Christian Iowa (cost: 50 cents). nomination in which your writer was reared

have practices that forbid them being so.

(a) One group holds things of faith as matters of judgment. They call themselves "Churches of Christ", but when it comes to living a life apart from sin, they do not measure to the divine standard. They contend that such things such as dancing, moviereferring to those who might have a definite conviction about the above named matter, but those who make them TESTS OF FELLOW-SHIP TO THE EXCLUSION OF THOSE WHO CONSIDER THEM AIDS AND MATTERS OF a matter of faith as though they were specifically NAMED in the Bible. (b) The second group binds things of judgment (such as membership, etc. are but matters of opinion and not faith, which things are governed by (3) "Sectarian Churches of Christ" entry includes two groups, both of which call themselves "Churches of Christ", but which have practices that torbid them being so. Bible principles, thus making them as much forks, pianos, etc.) upon Christians as though they were matters of faith. The writer is not going, card-playing, JUDGMENT. Such are factionists and should communion sets, collection baskets, use of tobacco, lodge tuning

reason, which they consider the criteria of all knowledge. The other two groups called "Churches of Christ" are "Legalists" in that being "Traditionalists". It makes no difference whether it is in the Bible, or if they have never done it or have always practiced it. not affect them! The law of expediency has matter of faith, we MUST read it in the Bible or not practice it. But. Bible PRINCIPLES do õ they must test every teaching of the Bible and Bible conviction of Christians by human The Disciples of Christ are "Rationalists", for they are governed by the tradition of the "Christian Church" rather than by the Bible. no they must read about it by name in the Bible, The Christian Church group is noted for they will not be bound. Surely, if it is a regard in their thinking!

chart (Isa. 55:8,9). which is reproduced along the bottom of the After carefully studying the chart, ponder Word of God which Isaiah spoke and